

Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) policy

Approved by: Full GB

Next review due by:

Signed Headteacher:

Date: 21st September 2024

Date: 21/9/24

Date: 21/9/24







Primary Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) Policy

School Name: Kobi Nazrul primary School

Date policy was approved: 21st September 2021

Review date:

Job title of person(s) responsible for overseeing this policy: Head teacher and

Healthy Schools Leader

Job title of person(s) writing this policy: Head teacher and Healthy Schools

Leader

Aim:	The main aims of our school RSE policy are:
	Kobi Nazrul is committed to putting safeguarding at the heart of everything we do and this includes teaching RSE to pupils.
	 To teach RSE as outlined by the Department of Education and comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010.
	3. To ensure pupils are able to keep themselves safe by teaching factually accurate information so they can make informed decisions.
	4. Children understand the changes to their body as they grow and develop and are supported to behave in a mature and responsible way.
Context	"Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly
	complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and
	risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way."
	(Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education: Statutory guidance for governing bodies, proprietors, head teachers, principals, senior leadership teams, teachers (2019) –

Secretary of State Foreword, Pg. 4 -

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/908013/Relationships_Education_Relationships_and_Sex_Education_RSE_and_Health_Education.pdf)

CURRICULUM PROVISION and CONTENT

Relationships	Families And People Who Care For Me
Education	Caring Relationships
(Statutory)	Respectful Relationships
	Online Relationships
	Being Safe
	Please see the Government link for more information
	(Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education -
	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-education-relationships-and-sex-education-rse- and-health-education)
Health	Mental Wellbeing
Education	Internet and Safety Harms
(Statutory)	Physical Health and Fitness
	Healthy Eating
	Drugs, Alcohol and Tobacco
	Health and Prevention
	Basic First Aid
	Changing Adolescent Body
	Please see the Government link for more information
	(Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education -
	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-education-relationships-and-sex-education-rse-and-health-education)
National	Key Stage 1:
Curriculum	identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and
Science	say which part of the body is associated with each sense. (At Kobi
(Statutory)	Nazrul, children don't draw and label the private body parts.)
	notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into
	adults

 describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene

Key Stage 2:

Year 5

· describe the changes as humans develop to old age

Year 6

 recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents

From the DfE guidance:

Puberty

"The content set out in this guidance covers everything that primary schools should teach about relationships and health, including puberty. The national curriculum for science also includes subject content in related areas, such as the main external body parts, the human body as it grows from birth to old age* (including puberty) and reproduction in some plants and animals". (At Kobi Nazrul reproduction is only taught through plants and animals in science lessons).

Please see the Government link for more information

"106. At key stages 1 and 2, the national curriculum for science includes teaching about the main external parts of the body and changes to the human body as it grows from birth to old age, including puberty"

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(Statutory guidance - National curriculum in England: science programmes of study – Updated 6 May 2015 https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-curriculum-in-england-science-programmes-of-study/

Sex	How a baby is conceived and born (DfE recommend in Year 6)
Education	• FGM
(Non-	This is offered to families yearly in year 5 at Kobi Nazrul as an opt in.
Statutory)	
	Please see the Government link for more information
	(Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education -
	https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-education-relationships-and-sex-education-rse-and-
	health-education)

MONITORING, EVALUATION and ASSESMENT

Monitoring	The subjects will be monitored and evaluated by the healthy schools' leader
and	and SLT. It is important these subjects are consistently monitored to ensure
Evaluation	confidence levels of teachers are maintained and the delivery and content is
	consistent across the school.
Assessment	The school will identify pupils' prior knowledge through conversation and
	questioning.
	The school will assess pupils' learning and progress through assessment
	for learning strategies that happen daily in the classroom.
	The school will evidence pupils' learning and progress through pupil
	progress meetings.

THE RIGHT TO WITHDRAW

No Right	There is no parental right to withdraw from Relationships Education, Health
to	Education or the National Curriculum Science as these are a statutory part of
Withdraw	the curriculum
Right to	Parents have the right to withdraw from topics taught outside of these areas
Withdraw	and relating to Sex Education, for example, how a baby is conceived and
	born.

Withdrawal	These non-statutory lessons are offered and parents opt in.
Process	

EQUALITY and SAFEGUARDING

Equality	The school is committed to following the Equality Act and to tackling all
	forms of discrimination.
LGBT	LBTH recommends teaching about LGBT relationships, in the context of
	different types of families, in order that children coming from same sex
	families feel welcomed and included in school, from the very beginning of
	their school career, in Key Stage 1. It is also important in terms of tackling
	homophobic behaviour and bullying and demonstrates LBTH's commitment
	to equalities, as outlined in the Equality Act.
	At Kobi Nazrul Primary school we are committed to protecting children and
	families against discrimination, whether knowing or unintentional. This
	includes all Protected Characteristics in the Equality Act. The Department
	for Education statutory guidance strongly encourages and enables schools
	to teach LGBT content, in the context of different types of families.
	At Kobi Nazrul Primary school we have chosen to use the LBTH
	recommendation as a guide with regards to LGBT content, in the
	context of different types of families, only using the teaching resources set
	out in this policy. With due regard to all relevant evidence we have chosen
	to place LGBT content, in the context of different types of families, into the
	statutory part of the curriculum in Key Stage 1 (by the end of Year 2).
Naming of	LBTH recommends that children are taught in Key Stage 1 about naming of
the Private	the private body parts, as a safeguarding issue. This is so pupils can report
Body Parts	abuse if it happens or so that they can accurately report medical symptoms
	if they are unwell. The more children are able to name the private body

parts and to know about appropriate and inappropriate touch, the more they are protected from abuse. This lesson will not have a written outcome / summative assessment.

Pupils will also be taught about stable, caring, healthy family life and friendships and how to recognise if or when relationships are making them unhappy or unsafe. Lessons will cover staying safe both online and offline, how to identify risks online, harmful online content and contact and how to report it. Pupils will also learn how to seek help and advice from others.

LBTH also recommends that lessons about puberty begin in Year 4, to prepare children for puberty and menstruation for girls, before it occurs. At Kobi Nazrul we teach this at the beginning of Year 5.

At Kobi Nazrul Primary school we have chosen to place the naming of the private body parts into the **statutory part of the (Relationships Education / Science) curriculum in Key Stage 1** (by the end of Year 2).

The following words are taught in Key Stage 1:

- Penis
- Nipples
- chest
- Testicles
- Vagina

SEND

The delivery of the content will be made accessible to all pupils, including those with SEND.

Disclosures

Any disclosures should follow the schools agreed safeguarding procedures.

RESOURCES and LESSON PLANS

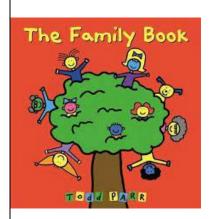
Teaching Resources

Kobi Nazrul Primary school is committed to using diagrams (not photos or videos) and puberty lessons / naming of the private body parts lessons will be taught in single sex lessons.

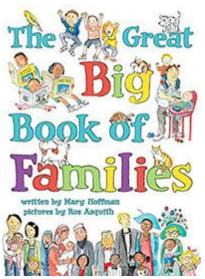
Our school is also committed to holding information meetings to show parents resources and lesson plans before the commencement of RSE lessons.

The school will use the following teaching resources for the Relationships lessons under family types:

Year 1:



Year 2:



PSHE is taught using the **edited** jigsaw lesson plans saved as: Jigsaw Kobi Nazrul 2021

In the year 5 puberty lessons, all children learn all lessons however, parents



and carers can choose to opt in to a small section of the lessons: see Kobi Nazrul resources.

CONSULTATION AND PARTNERSHIPS

Parents	Our relationship with parents/carers is very important and we aim to support
	them with information meetings about our RSE curriculum content, including
	resources, where they can share any concerns or issues they may have
	about any aspect of the RSE provision.
	Any policy update will involve meeting parents.
Staff	The school encourages staff to contribute and support this RSE policy.
	The school holds staff meetings and training on RSE to ensure that staff feel
	confident to deliver this content.
	Any policy update will involve meeting staff.
Governors	Governors, in conjunction with the Headteacher and SLT, ultimately make
	the decision about which topics should be taught and at what stage in the
	curriculum. Governors also decide which resources are used to teach RSE
	and how RSE is taught in schools.
	The DfE RSE guidance (2019) provides further clarification as to the role of
	Governors:
	"As well as fulfilling their legal obligations, the governing boards or
	management committee should also make sure that:
	all pupils make progress in achieving the expected educational outcomes;
	the subjects are well led, effectively managed and well planned;
	the quality of provision is subject to regular and effective self-evaluation;
	teaching is delivered in ways that are accessible to all pupils with SEND
	clear information is provided for parents on the subject content and the right to
	request that their child is withdrawn; and
	the subjects are resourced, staffed and timetabled in a way that ensures that
	the school can fulfil its legal obligations."
	(Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education: Statutory guidance for governing bodies, proprietors, head teachers, principals, senior leadership teams, teachers (2019) – Secretary of
	State Foreword, Pg. 16 -
	https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/908013/Relation_ships_Education_Relationships_and_Sex_Education_RSE_and_Health_Education.pdf)
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